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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/975,938	10/15/2001	Tetsuro Motoyama	205850US-2	2679
22850	7590	07/01/2005	EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			ENGLAND, DAVID E	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2143	

DATE MAILED: 07/01/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/975,938	MOTOYAMA ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	David E. England	2143

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 March 2005.

2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.

3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application.

4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

6) Claim(s) 1-13 is/are rejected.

7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____



DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1 – 13 are presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1 – 5 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hansen (6757714) in view of Hung (6772143) in further view of Narurkar et al. (6711624) (hereinafter Narurkar).

4. As per claim 5, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Hansen teaches a system for remotely monitoring a device, the system including:

5. A) a receiver manager class, (e.g. col. 6, line 66 – col. 7, line 10, “*customer relationship management system software*”), and
6. B) a data retriever, the data retriever including:
7. i) a data retriever class, (e.g. col. 6, line 66 – col. 7, line 10, “*XML parser*”),
8. ii) an email processor, (e.g. col. 6, line 66 – col. 7, line 10, “*e-mail program*”), and
9. iii) a parser, (e.g. col. 6, line 66 – col. 7, line 10);

10. a method of receiving information concerning the remotely monitored device, the information being contained in a message that also includes a message type designation, the method comprising:
 11. a) the data retriever class invoking a function in the email processor to read a line and to read other lines from the message, (e.g. col. 6, lines 43 – 55);
 12. b) the data retriever class invoking a function in the parser to parse the line of the message to extract the message type designation, (e.g. col. 6, lines 52 – 65);
 13. c) the data retriever class returning the extracted message type designation to the receiver manager class, (e.g. col. 6, line 66 – col. 7, line 10); but does not specifically teach d) the receiver manager class determining a data structure definition based on the extracted message type designation and passing the data structure definition to the data retriever class; and
 14. e) the data retriever class invoking a function in the parser to read data elements from the other lines and to insert the data elements according to the data structure definition.
15. Hung teaches d) the receiver manager class determining a data structure type based on the extracted message type designation and passing the data structure type to the data retriever class, (e.g., col. 10, line 66 – col. 11, line 13); and
16. store the read data elements in a data structure of the determined data structure type, (e.g., col. 10, line 66 – col. 11, line 13). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Hung with Hansen because when newly added declarations have been recorded and are available for subsequent lookup. Furthermore, parsing alone is insufficient since interfaces can be dependent upon constant expressions, which can themselves depend upon the sizes of type definitions that are held in a manager type module.

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17. Narurkar teaches e) the data retriever class invoking a function in the parser to read data elements from the other lines and, (e.g. col. 17, line 62 – col. 18, line 22 & col. 19, lines 51 – 67). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Narurkar with the combine system of Hansen and Hung because parsing module would collapse multiple successive spaces on each of the text lines into single spaces therefore saving space for the insertion of other parsed information to be inserted.

18. Claims 1 – 4 and 9 are rejected for similar reasons as stated above.

19. Claims 6 – 8 and 10 – 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hansen, Hung and Narurkar as applied to claims 5 & 9 above, and in further view of Hall et al. (5826023) (hereinafter Hall).

20. As per claim 6, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Hansen, Hung and Narurkar do not specifically teach the message is included in an email message received by a Post Office Protocol 3 (POP3) server; and

21. the email processor includes functions to interface to the POP3 server.

22. Hall teaches the message is included in an email message received by a Post Office Protocol 3 (POP3) server; and the email processor includes functions to interface to the POP3 server, (e.g. col. 4, lines 25 – 41). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Hall with the combine system of Hansen, Hung and

Narurkar because clients that are making use of the POP3 server support be allowed to move mail through a SNADS network to other POP3 clients.

23. As per claim 7, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Hansen teaches the message is included in an attachment to the email, (e.g. col. 4, line 58 – col. 5, line 9).

24. As per claim 8, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Hansen, Hung and Narurkar do not specifically teach the attachment is a Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) attachment. Hall teaches the attachment is a Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) attachment, (e.g. col. 6, lines 8 – 30). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Hall with the combine system of Hansen, Hung and Narurkar because MIME enables them to send and receive formatted non-ASCII messages similar to graphics, audio, and video files such as GIF graphics files and PostScript files via the Internet mail system. In addition, MIME supports messages in character sets other than ASCII.

25. Claims 8 and 10 – 12 are rejected for similar reasons as stated above.

26. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hansen, Hung and Narurkar as applied to claim 1 above, and in further view of Smith et al. (6192282) (hereinafter Smith)

27. As per claim 13, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Hansen, Hung and Narurkar teach all that is similarly claimed above as it applies herein, but does not specifically teach the message type designation representing one of configuration information and status information of the remotely monitored device. Smith the message type designation representing one of configuration information and status information of the remotely monitored device, (e.g., col. 16, lines 14 – 56). It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Smith with the combine system of Hansen, Hung and Narurkar because it would be advantageous for a system to transfer information about specific node to aid in finding error and/or status information about the specific node as transmitted with a message.

Response to Arguments

28. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 – 13 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection necessitated by amendments: "determine a data structure type", "store the read data elements in a data structure of the determined data structure type", and newly added claim 13, along with other amendments not mentioned.

Conclusion

29. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

30. a. Fielding et al. U.S. Patent No. 6012084 discloses Virtual network communication services utilizing internode message delivery task mechanisms.

31. b. Webb et al. U.S. Patent No. 5727135 discloses Multiple printer status information indication.

32. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David E. England whose telephone number is 571-272-3912. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thur, 7:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A. Wiley can be reached on 571-272-3923. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

David E. England
Examiner
Art Unit 2143

De



DAVID WILEY
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